

The Future of Green Hydrogen: Challenges and Opportunities









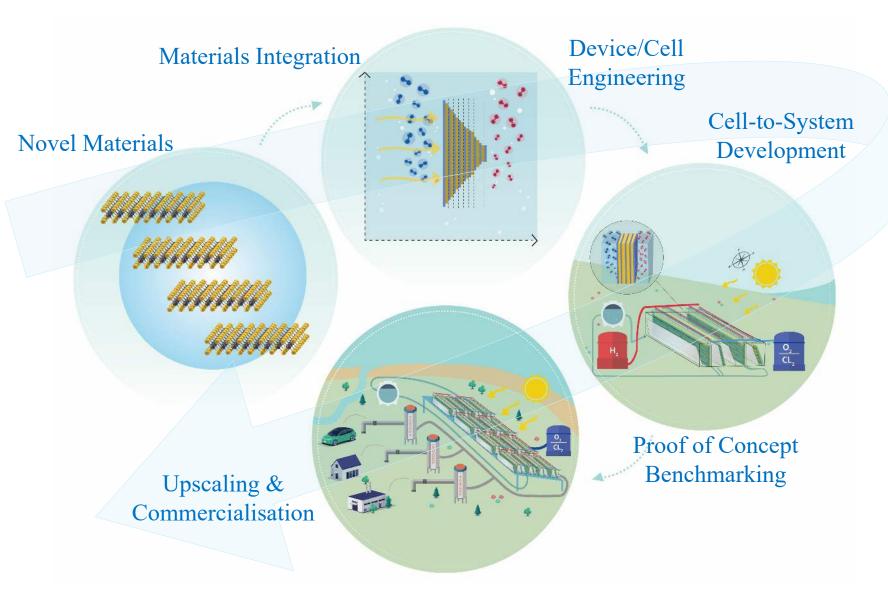
Programme

- . Welcome and Introduction (30 mins)
- Sharing of Open Questions with Facilitated Breakout Sessions (45 mins)
- . Feedback from Breakout Sessions (30 mins)
- Discussion and Questions (15 mins)

- Renewable energy: energy production that does not deplete our natural resources or pollute our environment
- <u>Carbon dioxide:</u> CO₂ is damaging to our atmosphere when it is beyond certain concentration amounts
- <u>Fossil fuels:</u> Hydrocarbon-based organic matter (e.g. coal, methane, peat, wood) burned by humans to produce energy and heat but also pollutants for our atmosphere/environment
- Green Hydrogen: Renewable H₂ production with no pollutant by-product, does not deplete our natural resources
- <u>Electrolysers:</u> Electrochemical systems that split water to produce H₂. Unfortunately, these systems deplete our natural resources (e.g. platinum is needed in high quantities). Green, low power, electrolysers are needed!
- <u>Solar-to-Green Hydrogen:</u> This can be solar panels driving green electrolysers to make H₂, or other green solar energy-absorbing systems to make H₂, like *FreeHydroCells*
- <u>Hydrogen from Wind/Water:</u> Wind turbines & hydroelectric dams can drive electrolysers for H₂
- <u>Blue/Grey Hydrogen:</u> Steam methane reforming (SMR) to H₂ with different levels of CO₂ pollutant release (50-90 %?)
- Brown/Black Hydrogen: Coal gasification to H₂ & CO₂



The FreeHydroCells Project FreeHydroCells



Novel Materials

- Environmentally-benign
- Cost-effective & sustainable
- Good light absorbers

Materials Integration

- Make multilayer junctions
- Max. energy retention, min. losses

Device/Cell Engineering

- Transfer energy to split water \rightarrow H₂
- Photon energy to chemical energy

Cell-to-System Development

- Large volumes of H₂ needed
- System efficiency key

Upscaling & Commercialisation

- Modular expansion possible
- Good life-cycle predictions
- Commercially competitive

Proof of Concept Benchmarking

- Operationally efficient & low cost
- Viable for Green H₂ gas production
- Durable with long service life
- Green H₂ efficiency benchmark



FreeHydroCells Concept (and its Disruptive Opportunity)

Concept: a scalable and sustainable modular system that splits water to produce green H₂ using sunlight and built with environmentally benign materials which requires zero energy input. It will be fully compatible with wind & hydro integration for 24/7 operation) - with a separate novel solution idea for locally distributed H₂ storage.

- . The novelty of the tech/sys reduces the risk and €/Energy cost
- . Provides a disruptive effect on policy and marketplace drivers to deploy the tech/sys for a full & rapid transition to green H₂
- . Creates a significant challenge for community readiness, as effect of implementing concept would mean green production and storage locally within the community



Challenges...

- . **Policy & marketplace** drivers are mostly focused on green H_2 inclusion into hydrocarbon processing/delivery, less so for a full and rapid transition from fossil fuels to green H_2
- Technology & systems' solutions are focused on wind energy powering electrolysers for green H₂ production, and depleted gas fields and land caverns for H₂ storage – all tech/sys <u>eggs in</u> one basket (very high risk), & high €/Energy/Resource cost
- . Community readiness is likely achievable for present plan of green H₂ inclusion with hydrocarbons, but <u>less so for a full and</u> <u>rapid transition to green H₂</u> (feasibility increasingly in doubt, targets slipping constantly), or for <u>paying high €/Energy cost</u> ⁶



...and Opportunities

- . **Policy & marketplace** ready for <u>infusion of drivers to modify</u> present plan with greater focus on taking <u>existing energy</u> customers on a rapid transition from fossil fuels to green H_2
- Technology & systems' solutions at present too narrowly focused, which provides <u>opportunities</u> for <u>emerging novel</u> <u>technologies and systems</u> for green H₂ production and storage to <u>reduce risk</u> and to <u>reduce the €/Energy/Resource cost</u>
- . **Community readiness** is likely <u>not</u> there at present for the type of disruptive effect a full and rapid transition to green H₂ would have on the community, but <u>reducing the €/Energy cost substantially for users would be a high incentive driver</u>

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Breakout Sessions





Discussion and Questions

